



Registered as a Newspaper at the
Post Office in the United Kingdom

N. LAZARUS,
Optician,
12, Queen's Road C

六拜禮 號五廿月三年一十國民華中

PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH

Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room
Cigar Room. C.P.O.'s Room, Restaurant

FOR the use of all Men of the Mercantile Marine and H.M. Navy.
 Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room
 Officers Room. C.P.O.'s Room Restaurant
 Concert Hall, Church.
 Private Cabins and beds in Dorchester
 Steam Launch "Devonport".

THORNYCROFT

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LIMITED.

SHIPBUILDERS AND ENGINEERS.

LONDON, ENGLAND (3) AND BIRMINGHAM.

Shanghai Office: 10, Kiukiang Road.

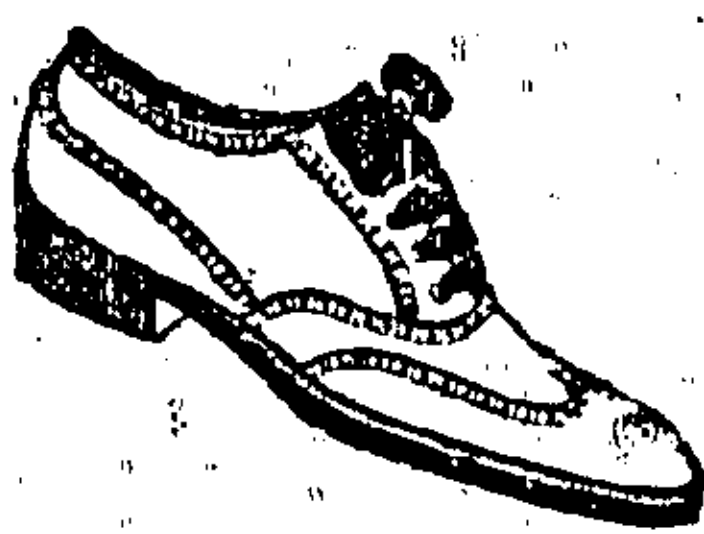
15 B.H.P. 30 B.H.P. 50 B.H.P. Engines

in Stock

For quotation apply—

SHANGHAI OFFICE.

Brogan Shoes



A nicely cut shoe that has become exceedingly popular, and at once appeals to the man who desires a neat, comfortable shoe.

Stocked in Black and Tan in all sizes and half sizes \$19.50.

HEAVIER WEIGHT FOR GOLF IN TAN ONLY \$22.50.

MACKINTOSH

& CO. LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

Alexandra Building Telephone 29 Des Voeux Road

HONGKONG BOXING ASSOCIATION

NOVICES COMPETITION.

At the Theatre Royal, THURSDAY and FRIDAY.

MARCH 26th and 27th, at 7 P.M. Preliminary Fights.

MATINEE SATURDAY, APRIL 1st, at 2.30 P.M. Last preliminary and Semi-finals.

SATURDAY, April 1st, at 9.15 P.M. Sharp. Novices Finals.

15 Round Featherweight Championship.

TEDDY NEAL v. A. B. CHADWICK.

15 Round Middleweight Championship.

A. B. DUNCAN v. A. P. O. CALLAGHAN.

ADMISSION

THURSDAY & FRIDAY, \$2, \$1 and 50 cents (no reserved seats) MEMBERS FREE.

SATURDAY, \$5 & \$3 (reserved) and \$1.

Booking at MOUTRIES, MEMBERS, MONDAY, 27th March, GENERAL PUBLIC, TUESDAY, 28th March, when Tickets for THURSDAY and FRIDAY (unreserved) will also be sold.

HONGKONG HOTEL

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

CARNIVAL NIGHT

FANCY DRESS DINNER DANSANT

(Fancy or Evening Dress Optional)

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29th.

WILL HENDER AND THE JAZZ BAND

Dancing 8 p.m.—12 Midnight.

TABLE PLAN (ROOMS & BALCONY MAY BE SEEN IN RECEPTION OFFICE).

REPULSE BAY HOTEL

DINNER DANSANT

T-O-NIGHT

WILL HENDER AND THE JAZZ BAND

SPORT.

FOOTBALL.

The following is the programme for to-day:—

HONGKONG CHALLENGE SHIELD—FINAL.

Hongkong Club v. R.G.A. Hongkong Club ground, at 4.30 p.m. Referee: Mr. Smith. Line-up: Messrs. Bolton and Holland.

HONGKONG LEAGUE.

Division I.—Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.

South China v. Kowloon, South China ground, Referee: Mr. Williams.

H.M.S. Zepher v. H.M.S. Cairo, Navy "B" ground, Referee: Mr. Collins.

H.M.S. Calliope v. Hongkong Police, Navy "A" ground, Referee: Mr. Garton.

H.M.S. Titania v. King's, Kowloon F.C. ground, Referee: Mr. Newton.

Division II.—Kick-off at 3 p.m.

Kowloon Res. v. King's Res., Navy "B" ground, Referee: Mr. Moore.

St. Joseph's v. University, St. Joseph's ground, Referee: Mr. Bolton.

United A.C. v. South China "A", United ground, Referee: Mr. Drayton.

Canton Res. v. H.K. Club Res., Navy "A" ground, Referee: Mr. Holland.

CLUB R.G.A.

The following have been selected to turn out in the Shield match:—

Club: G. Rodgers, Gerard and Mc.

Cubbin; J. Taylor, Stewart, and McPhail (capt.); McTavish, Forsyth, Begg, Kuhl and England.

R.G.A.—Phillips, Walker (capt.) and Woodhouse; Bailey, Pascoe and Donovan; Keay, Vande, McHugh, Lelliot and Cousins.

Mr. W. Nicholson, President of Hongkong F.C., has kindly consented to present the trophies and Medals to winners and runners-up at the conclusion of the match.

It is expected that a large number will witness the match and that the stand will be crowded. The game will be of ninety minutes duration and in the event of a draw a further ten minutes each way may be decided upon owing to the remaining League fixtures and with only five more Saturdays remaining for play. The Club are expected to win having previously beaten the R.G.A. twice in the League this season. The R.G.A. have had the harder game to play to reach the final, having disposed of the Cairo, Durham and Police, while the Club have beaten Carlisle, St. Joseph's and Tamar. The Club forwards should win the match, for the R.G.A. defence is not sound and with Begg and Kuhl in form the soldiers' defence will be hard pressed. These teams met in the second round of the competition last season when the R.G.A. got the verdict a goal to nil.

There are four matches in each division of the league and the teams at the head of the tables should have little difficulty in winning their games. The Tamar receive the Cairo on Navy "B" ground. The latter beat the King's last week while the Tamar shared the points with South China.

The King's should win against the Titania who won the Challenge Shield Competition, last season, defeating the R.G.A. in the final. No player of last year's team is now assisting the depot ship.

South China and Kowloon should play a very even game with South China just winning. A close game should be seen on Navy "A" where the Canton receive the Police. The sailors should win.

In the Juniors King's should win against Kowloon and maintain their position. United and South China "A" should draw. Canton and St. Joseph's should win over Club and University respectively.

UNITED v. SOUTH CHINA "A"

The following will represent the United Athletic Club in the above League Second Division Fixture, on the Hongkong Club ground to-day, kick-off at 3 p.m.:—Peach; Jackson and Hopper; Urquhart, Leonard and Hyder; Watkins, May, Valentine, Derry, and Payne. Reserve: Botelho.

CRICKET.

I.R.C. v. R.G.A.

The following will represent the I.R.C. in their home league match against the R.G.A. to-day at 2.15 p.m.:—A. el Arculli (capt.), A. H. Rumjahn, S. H. Ismail, S. D. Ismail, S. A. Ismail, S. B. Curran, N. B. Kitchell, O. Ismail, S. A. R. Ismail, O. Rumjahn and D. Rumjahn.

H.K.C.C. 1st XI. v. K.C.C.

The following will represent the Hongkong C.C. v. Kowloon C.C. at Kowloon to-day at 2.15 p.m.:—E. J. B. Mitchell (capt.), Lieut. Beatty, B.N. O. Baker, Capt. B. B. S. Dods, Capt. R. Le Fleming, L. J. Davies, Lieut. Frank, R.N. E. G. Lammer, Lieut. E. L. Leader, P. C. Miller, and F. N. Young.

The following have been selected to play for Kowloon:—J. P. Robinson, B. D. Evans, J. Stalker, C. Russell, O. J. Stapleton, L. J. Blackburn, O. Dancy, R. Pestonji, F. G. Thompson, E. L. Briggs, and Capt. E. G. Spinks.

H.K.C.C. 2nd XI. v. K.C.C. 2nd XI.

In this 2nd XI match, on the Hongkong Club ground to-day at 2.15 p.m., the home eleven will be composed of: L. D. McNicol (capt.), H. H. Benson, M. Dorking, W. Fraser, H. E. Holman, A. S. Erell, W. J. Hope, W. W. Mackenzie, B. D. O. Morgan, G. H. Pacey and J. R. Way.

The following have been selected to play for Kowloon:—A. O. Brown, B. J. Edwards, N. L. H. Bailton, R. E. Lindell, W. Fraser, E. F. Spinks, J. O. Fletcher, W. Hyde, F. E. Lawrence, H. Overy and F. G. Herdige.

HONGKONG TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The following are the results of recent matches played in the Hongkong Cricket Club Tennis Tournament:—

MONDAY.

Open Singles.—Wong Po Kai beat M.

H. Lo, 6-0, 6-2, 6-1.

Open Doubles.—Surg. Lt. G. H. Hayes and Paymr. Comdr. F. Vining beat H. Krebs and E. E. Brown, 7-5, 6-2, 11-13, 2-6, 6-3.

Club Championship.—D. J. Valentine beat R. M. Smith 6-2, 6-1, 6-1; R. M. Henderson beat C. S. Penton, 6-3, 1-6, 6-3, 6-2.

Handicap Singles.—A. A. B. Raworth (15-0) beat Surg. Lt. G. H. Hayes (3-0), 6-2, 6-1.

Handicap Singles.—B. A. K. MacKenzie (7-5) beat A. S. Excell (7-5), 6-2, 6-0; C. D. Brown (ser.) beat W. J. Currie (1-0), 6-3, 6-2.

Mixed Doubles.—C. C. Stark and Mrs. Stark (7-5) beat F. A. Dinsdale and Miss D. M. Smith (7-6) 6-4, 6-2; G. R. Sayer and Mrs. Sayer (2-6) beat B. D. Evans and Mrs. H. Gidlin (7-6), 7-5, 6-2.

TUESDAY.

Open Doubles Championship.—Wong Po-kung and V. Yanovich beat J. E. Penman and J. D. Humphreys, 10-8, 6-3, 6-1; J. R. Wood and A. D. Ball beat L. de Looze and K. W. Lane, 6-2, 6-3, 6-1; M. W. Lo and M. K. Lo beat A. Gammatt and J. Pearson 6-4, 6-1, 6-1.

Open Singles.—A. A. Rumjahn beat Capt. P. H. Davies 6-0, 6-3, 6-2.

Handicap Singles.—B. A. K. MacKenzie (7-5) beat M. J. Smith (7-5), 6-3, 6-2.

Handicap Singles.—B. A. K. MacKenzie (7-5) beat J. Boyd (7-6), 6-4, 6-3.

Handicap Doubles.—Surg. Lt. G. H. Hayes and Major C. Willson (3-6) beat G. H. Percy and A. Percy (7-5), 5-7, 6-1, 6-3.

Mixed Doubles.—R. M. Smith and Mrs. R. M. Smith walk-over from D. J. Valentine and Mrs. Forrester; P. P. J. Wodehouse and Mrs. Wodehouse (7-6) beat C. Thorne and Mrs. Thorne (7-6), 6-4, 9-7; Lt. A. S. Lindsell and Mrs. Lindsell (1-5) beat H. A. Nott and Miss Wentworth (ser.), 3-6, 6-3, 6-2.

WEDNESDAY.

Open Championship singles.—Major C. Willson beat M. Tsun 6-3, 6-0, 6-2.

Open Championship Doubles.—W. Lock Wei and Ng Sze Kwong beat J. R. Wood and A. D. Ball 6-2, 6-0, 6-0; Redmond and Sayer beat Vining and Hayes 6-1, 8-10, 6-4, 6-1.

Club Championship.—G. Miskat beat R. K. Valentine 6-0, 6-1, 7-5.

Handicap Singles.—C. A. R. M. Henderson (ser.) beat E. G. Lammer (7-6), 6-3, 7-5; J. E. Penman (15-3) beat D. J. Valentine (7-6), 5-7, 6-4, 6-3.

Handicap Doubles.—M. E. F. Airey and F. B. Piontner (7-5) beat J. W. Albaster and G. M. Dodsall (1-0), 4-6, 6-2, 6-3.

THURSDAY.

Open Singles.—S. A. Rumjahn beat V. Yanovich 6-1, 6-8, 6-4; J. E. Penman beat G. M. Dodsall 6-0, 6-2, 6-3.

Handicap Singles.—A. A. B. Raworth (7-6) beat R. K. Valentine (7-5), walk-over.

Handicap Doubles.—G. Miskat and C. Baker (ser.) beat D. M. Larkins and C. V. Mark (7-5), 7-6, 6-1; E. G. Lammer and A. A. Worwick (7-6) beat A. S. Excell and A. C. Simpson (7-5), 6-1, 6-3.

Mixed Doubles.—A. D. Ball and Miss Harrison (3-6) beat G. R. Sayer and Mrs. Sayer (2-6), 5-7, 6-1, 6-1.

FRIDAY.

Rain stopped play yesterday.

BOXING.

Owing to the large number of entries received for the forthcoming Novices Tournament, it has been found necessary to add a matinee on Saturday. The Tournament, therefore, will start at 7 p.m. on Thursday and Friday, when preliminary fights will take place; the matinee on Saturday will be at 2.30 p.m., when the last preliminary fights and the semi-finals will be fought; and the Saturday evening contest will commence at 9.15 p.m. sharp, the first fight being the Featherweight Championship, to be followed by four finals, and, immediately after the interval, the Middleweight Championship will be fought, to be followed by the remaining three finals.

It has been decided that a Flyweight Class be added, for which there are four entries.

On Saturday night the Band of the 2nd Battalion The King's Regiment, by kind permission of Lt. Col. Hyslop and the officers, will be in attendance.

The entries received for the different weights are as follows:—Flyweight, 4; Bantams, 11; Feather, 15; Light, 40; Welter, 23; Middle, 12; and Heavy, 5. Entries on different units are:—2nd Battalion The King's Regiment, 61; 1st of Garrison, 4; Frigate, 17; Light Cruisers, 12; Submarines, 6; Tamar and small ships, 5; Police, 4; Civilians, 3. Owing to the numbers entering, the Boxing Committee have decided that any competitors failing to scale within weights for the class in which they have entered will be disqualified. Weighing and draw for fights will take place on Wednesday night, the 29th inst., at 8.30 p.m., at the Theatre Royal underneath the stage.

FIEUZAL GLASSES.

Out of doors there is nothing so restful and comfortable for the eyes as the light reflected from green fields and trees, the absorption of the ultra-violet and orange rays by the chlorophyll of the leaves; hence the introduction of Fieuzal Glasses; yellowish green in colour, which is produced in several shades, and lenses made of this may be worn as a protection to over-sensitive eyes where it is desirable to tone down excessive light and glare.

Fieuzal lenses of any prescription in either regular or Toric forms are manufactured by the Hongkong Optical Co., successors to Clark & Co. Manufacturing and Refracting Opticians, 63, Queen's Road Central—Advr. (68)

INTIMATIONS.

CITY HALL.

DEBUSSY-SCHUBERT-RECITAL.

to be given by

HARRY ORE

on

MONDAY, MARCH 27th at 5.30.

Ticket at 50c and 75c.

GUTHRIE-KALUMONG RUBBER

ESTATES, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the

above Company will be held in LONDON

on April 1st.

The SHARE REGISTER will be CLOSED

from March 24th to April 7th, both days

inclusive.

By Order,

LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS,

Colonial Registrar.

Hongkong, March 22nd, 1922. (673)

EX ROYAL MARINES.

KINDLY communicate with P.O. Box 630

(683)

KULANGSU MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

AMOI.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION.

The Kulangsu Municipal Council invite

tenders for the laying of 5,000 square yards of

road surfacing of a similar composition to that

used on the roads in the Peak district, Hong-

kong.

Should the experiment be found to be successful

the Council intend to surface all roads in the

Settlement in this manner.

Fuller particulars can be obtained on applica-

tion to the undersigned.

H. G. REED,

Secretary,

Kulangsui Municipal Council

637

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "DUNERA"

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from EUROPE

BOMBAY and COLOMBO, per s.s. "DUNERA"

are hereby notified that part of

the Cargo landed at Singapore owing to the

Strike will be returned to Hongkong per s.s.

"KALYAN" due to arrive on or about the

25th instant, and the balance will be forwarded

per s.s. "EURYALUS" due on or about the

2nd April. Consignees are therefore requested

to make the necessary arrangements respecting

delivery etc.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1922. (682)

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from Europe

BOMBAY and COLOMBO, per s.s. "KASH-

GAR" and s.s. "JYPORE" are hereby notified

that part of the Cargo which was landed

at Shanghai ex these Steamers owing to the

strike will be returned per s.s. "TAKADA"

due to arrive here on or about 25th instant.

Consignees are therefore requested to make

the necessary arrangements respecting deliv-

ery etc.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1922. (681)

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

s.s. "KAYO MARU"

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of cargo by the above

steamer are hereby notified that same

(excepting the goods from London covered by

bills of lading Nos. 25 to 33 and other for 100)

will be returned from Shanghai by the same

steamer on the 25th inst., and these

Goods will be landed and placed at their

risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf

and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon,

where each consignment will be sorted out

marked by mark and delivery can be obtained as

soon as the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared by the 31st March, 1922,

will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the

Godowns for examination by the Consignees

and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed

hour on Tuesday & Friday. All claims must

be presented within ten days of the steamer's

arrival here, after which date they cannot be

recognized. No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the Godown.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1922. (688)

S.S. "COMMISSAIRE RANEL"

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from LONDON

ANTWERP, HAYRE, BORDEAUX,

LA PALICE, etc., per s.s. "MIRAM" & s.s. "CHRY-

MEON" are hereby notified that same

will be returned from Shanghai by the same

steamer on the 25th inst., and these

RELIGION AT HONGKONG UNIVERSITY.

COURSE OF ADDRESSES TO STUDENTS.

SCIENCE AND RELIGION.

There was started in connection with the University, last Sunday, an experiment in the form of students' services, held in the Rhenish Mission Church, Bonham Road. It is intended to continue the services for a time, each Sunday, at four o'clock, and well-known local scientists have promised to give their help. Last Sunday Dr. J. Fenton sang the solo.

The Registrar of the University (Mr. N. Treadwell Mackintosh, M.A.) preached the sermon, on the question, "Is there a God?" Pressure upon space has prevented a summary of his interesting remarks from appearing until now. He said, (in part):—

Some of you will answer the question, "Is there a God?" by saying, "What is the need of asking such a question?" Of course we believe that God exists—else why are we in Church this afternoon? Well, if so, you must remember that apparently you are in the minority; that agnosticism for the last hundred years at least has been becoming more and more fashionable. It has been said that if for one day a small proportion of mankind could get a real practical belief in the existence of God, and would apply that belief to all they did and said and thought, that the evil of the world would have disappeared for ever.

Can man by searching find out God? Some of you may have heard an intensely interesting lecture given by an Undergraduate Member of the University last month at the Helena May Institute. The lecturer was congratulating Chinese philosophy on its total absence of theological discussions. Chinese philosophers exhibited, he said, a general reluctance to launch upon the region of the unseen and the unknowable. One of the disciples of Confucius had said "From the Master, the way of Heaven cannot be heard." Not that the Chinese philosophers did not believe in God; their attitude was that of the agnostic; they thought it would be better for men to leave those unanswerable questions alone, and concentrate their attention on the practical duties of man as man, which bring them virtue and happiness.

RELIGION BY PRIMITIVE REVELATION.

In trying to find an answer to the question, "Is there a God?" Mr. Mackintosh remarked that religion was a universal feature of savage life. How came it there? It had been ascribed to a Primitive Revelation.

At the beginning, it was said, God—with the other gifts He gave to man—gave him religion; gave him not only a disposition to reverence and piety, but a certain amount of religious knowledge, so that he set out with a stock of religious ideas which were not elaborated by his own efforts, but bestowed on him ready made. It was impossible, said the preacher, to conceive how this could be done. No, the history of early civilisation was the history of a struggle in which man had everything to conquer, and in which he was not remembering something he had lost, but advancing by new routes to a land he had never before reached.

You may rightly object (Mr. Mackintosh continued) that a belief in God is doubtless the belief of savage and primitive man—but, as civilisation has advanced, science and education have shown the belief to be merely a superstition of ignorant and savage minds. Science and scientific discoveries, you will tell me, have explained away God.

There is a well known picture which represents a female figure sitting in the midst of scrolls and scientific instruments and immersed in sad thoughts. It is inscribed Melancholia. The picture has seemed to some to be emblematic of modern civilisation, disillusioned of its hope, and faith in the new scientific discoveries and knowledge. And men have been heard to speak of the appalling contrast between the hallowed glory of the Creed which once was theirs and the lonely mystery of existence as they now find it. Such a sadness must always come, when old things are passing away.

SCIENCE KEEPS FROM PARADISE.

The fruit of the tree of knowledge always expels us from some paradise, once a Garden of Eden but henceforth only a paradise of fools. Science, you will tell me, has proved the theory of Scripture to be a lie. You see a God in nature, but scientific research does not reveal any God. Science sees no design in physical phenomena. Creation is the result of evolution according to necessary and natural laws; the heavens no longer declare the glory of God, the firmament does not show His handiwork.

But Science after all only seeks to answer the question, "How?" How was the world created? It does not seek to answer the question, "Why?" The doctrine of Evolution does away, if you will, with the theory of Creation; it does not do away with the theory of Final Causes. You may accept—if you will, and if your Professors of Science and Biology will allow you, all that Mr. Darwin, all that Prof. Huxley, all that other most able men have written so learnedly and so acutely on physical sciences—but you will not by so accepting, you need not, throw away your belief in God.

We all agree that our own bodies and indeed the body of every living creature are evolved by actual laws from a simple germ without visible action of any designing will or mind into the full organisation of a human or other creature. Yet we do not say on that account—God did not create me—I only grew. Rather we say if there be evolution, there must be an evolver.

Let us believe, if you will, that not individuals merely, but whole varieties and races: the total organised life on this planet have been evolved, just as our bodies, by natural laws; that natural selection is daily and hourly scrutinising throughout the world every variation; rejecting what is bad and preserving what is good; then it seems to me that God's care and God's providence is even more magnificent than I thought. I know indeed that God was so wise that He could make all things; but behold! He is wiser even than that—He can make all things make themselves.

SCIENCE AND SCRIPTURE.

Let us accept these scientific views with gladness: they embody a far truer scriptural view of nature than could be held before. For they tell us—that a century or two ago we were in danger of forgetting—that God has not just wound up the Universe like a clock and left it to tick by itself till it runs down. No, Science has, in fact, rescued us from the chilling dream of a dead Universe, un-governed by an absent God, and has turned us to the facts which we had neglected.

And what are they finding more and more below these scientific facts, underneath all phenomena which the telescope and the microscope show? A something—nameless, invisible, yet omnipresent; omnipotent, retreating before them deeper and deeper, the deeper they delve. The life which shapes and makes.

The vital Force, the Unknown Quantity, x and y . It is all vibrations (one says), but his reason, unsatisfied, demands, "What makes the vibrations vibrate?" It is all Physiological Units (says another). But his reason asks him, "What is the Physic—the nature and tendency of the Units?" It is all caused (says a third) by infinitely numerous, gupmups; but his reason asks, "What puts infinite order into these gupmups, instead of infinite anarchy?"

Ah! beneath all these theories still lies that Unknown x that Unknown God—to whom the Athenians of old erected their altar—surely with far greater wisdom than the foolish man who, in his haste, exclaimed, "There is no God."

I know that there is and must be a great deal of scepticism at a University. The atmosphere of a University is one of enquiry and investigation rather than of fixed and settled views. It is right that it should be so. Critical examination of the foundations and superstructure of a belief is a work which must be done thoroughly, and no place is so suitable for this necessary labour as a University.

Those of us who are responsible for arranging these services have felt that the University may have been getting slack with regard to this, its most obvious duty. As members of the University and as the student body of the Colony, you have a duty to perform, to yourselves and to the Colony. Enquiry and investigation into matters theological are as much a part of your duty as any other form of research or study. Do not think that responsibility. I appeal to you to help us with these services—to make them widely known—to bring your friends.

I know there is much that you are bound to find difficult in your religious life and in your religious beliefs. You are looking, and it is only natural that you should look, for a God of Love—a God of flowers of sunshine, of singing birds and little children. And you find too often, instead—death and pestilence and famine; temptation, cruelty and sin. My brothers, if you cannot say the Church's Creeds, can you not say her prayers? If you cannot worship Jesus Christ, cannot you reverence and try to imitate him? If you are doubtful whether Christian ethics have any supernatural sanction, cannot you accept them as the highest production of the human spirit? We ascend to God by faith, by knowledge and by Love; and faith and Love cannot be taught.

The Rev. Dr. T. W. Pearce preaches to-morrow on "Christ; man or Son of God?"

THE LATE SIR HENRY MAY.

FULLER DETAILS OF THE FUNERAL.

The following amplified report of the funeral of the late Sir Henry May, is taken from the *East Anglian Daily Times*:

A ceremony unique in the annals of Clare, whose history extends far back into the centuries, was witnessed on Feb. 11th, when the ashes of Sir Francis Henry May, G.C.M.G., LL.D., D.C.L., J.P., late Governor of Hongkong, of Clare Priory, were laid to rest in a grave on Castle Hill, Clare. It was Sir Henry's wish that he should be cremated, and that the ashes should be buried on the Castle Hill, and his wishes were carried out. The ancient tree-clad hill, with but one wall of the once formidable keep left to defy the elements, dominates the little South Suffolk town, and looks down on the old Priory, where have lived many gentlemen who have helped England to build and maintain its Empire. The castle, the residence of the Earls of Clare, probably stood on lower ground, with the keep on the hill-top, but to-day little of the structures remain, though there are the remains of the bailey and the moat which surrounded the castle. It is a place rich in historical association, and a fitting resting-place for one of the Empire builders.

The remains of the dead knight were taken to Golder's Green on Thursday, where they were cremated, and the ashes were brought back to Clare Church in the evening. On Friday afternoon a service was conducted in the Parish Church (from the tower of which the Union Jack was flying a half-mast) by the Vicar, the Rev. Canon J. R. M. Vatcher, R.D., who was assisted by the Rev. A. F. Webbing (of Stanfield). The lesson was read by the Right Rev. Bishop Lander, late Bishop of Victoria, Hongkong, and a personal friend of the late Sir Henry. The choir sang the hymns, "Jerusalem, the golden" and "May the Grace of Christ, our Saviour," and as procession formed up and proceeded down the aisle the Nunc Dimittis was chanted.

The mourners were:—Lady May (widow), Misses P. and I. May (daughters), General Sir Edward May and Dr. May (brothers), Capt. and Mrs. De Fontenay (daughter and son-in-law), Mr. Chas. Dalton (nephew), Sir Newton Stubb, Admiral Jerram, Mr. D. Landale, Mr. T. S. Howth, Mr. C. Clement, Mr. Bryer, Major Haver, and Miss Berkeley. Among others present at the Church were Dr. and Mrs. G. H. Metcalfe, Col. G. R. Darby, Messrs. T. Bower, F. C. Wayman, C. Wayman, H. Crow, E. F. Hart, J. Armstrong, the Revs. F. E. P. Bull (Pentlow), H. S. Carpenter (Foxearth), R. Flynn (Belchamp St. Pauls), F. Barnes (Stoke-by-Clare), Messrs. B. M. Gausson, F. A. Gaden, J. J. Offord, Williamson, C. Ray, A. J. Dixon, W. Deeks, T. H. Stoke, P. C. Pashler, W. E. Ward, A. A. Lukin, E. Buck, W. C. Buck, P. Sciff, J. Goodchild, A. Blazin, T. Orbell, A. V. Lambart, W. Lawson, H. Thornton, C. Smith, T. Fisher, H. F. Gregory, C. J. Barnes, J. Pavey, and W. Herbert.

At the western entrance of the church a guard of honour had been formed of Boy Scouts and Cubs and Girl Guides and Brownies, and through it passed the bier on which was the casket containing the ashes. This was covered with the Union Jack, on which had been reverently laid the insignia of the Orders which Sir Henry had received from his Sovereigns, his hat and his sword. The procession passed through the streets, which were lined with a large number of townspeople, to the entrance of the Castle grounds, near the station, and it slowly wended its way up the steep encircling path to the wind-swept summit of the hill. Here on the eastern side of the hoary keep wall a grave had been prepared, and the casket, which was of oak, with a simple inscription, was lowered into a brick vault, the committal sentences being read by the Vicar, and the Blessing pronounced by the Bishop. Only the members of the family and friends attended the final ceremony, but later the public were permitted on to the hill top, where the Clare Brass Band, of which Sir Henry had been President, played a number of hymn tunes.

Sir Henry was the Assistant District Commissioner of the Suburb and District Scouts' Association, and he was the founder of the Clare Troop. The Clare Scouts were present, with their colours, which had been presented by Sir Henry only last week. The Clare Guides and Brownies, the Clare Cubs, the Stanfield Scouts, the Stanfield Guides and Brownies were also present.

In addition to those sent by the family floral tributes were sent by Mr. and Mrs. David Landale, Canon and Mrs. Vatcher, Sir Newton and Lady Stubb, the stewards and members of the Hongkong Club, George and Rita, Mr. T. F. Hough, Mr. A. G. Stephen, Ruth and Frank, John and Nance, Johnstone, Herbert, Nell, Dr. and Mrs. Metcalfe and Miss Metcalfe, Lord and Lady Loch (Stoke College), Mr. and Mrs. John Armstrong (Hendon), Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Wayman and Mr. C. Wayman, Mrs. and Miss Dean, Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Frank Austin, Messrs. C. Ray and F. R. Twitchett, Mr. and Mrs. Jenkin, Messrs. T. Martin and Sons, all of The Huts, the members of the Clare Women's Institute, Clare Brass Band, the members of the Clare Parish Club, the nuns at the Priory and Mrs. Billing, the outdoor staff at Clare Priory, Clare Scouts, Guides and Brownies, the Scout and Scouters of the 1st Clare Troop, and from the Wolf Clubs and assistant-master.

"THE SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST."

SIXTIETH ANNUAL ISSUE OF AN INDISPENSIBLE VADE MECUM.

The "Directory and Chronicle, for China, Japan, etc.," makes its sixtieth annual appearance to-day. Sixty years represents a very big slice out of the life of Hongkong and the European settlements in China, which date their existence from the Treaty of Nanking. In the interval many additional Treaty Ports have been opened, China's trade has grown out of all recognition, Japan has emerged from a state of feudalism to be one of the Great Powers, Siberia has been rendered accessible to the world by means of the railway, the Philippine Islands have passed from the sovereignty of Spain to the custody of the United States of America, and the Malay Peninsula has been placed under British protection and transformed from a dense jungle into a productive garden supplying the world with the bulk of its rubber and tin. Naturally the growth of the European communities in the Far East, nowhere is reflected in the volume under notice. Whereas the first issue consisted of only 280 pages, the volume for 1922 contains no fewer than 1800. This is 100 more than its immediate predecessor. The Alphabetical List of Foreign Residents occupies 225 pages as compared with 180 last year. That, of course, implies a corresponding growth in the number and the size of the firms represented in the various sections. Then, again, there has been a development of the descriptive and statistical contents of the book. The introduction to the Philippine Islands has been entirely rewritten, and the revision of the introduction to China, Peking, Siam and Bangkok have been on a more than usually extensive scale. In the Treaty section are included for the first time the new treaty between Germany and China waiving extrajurisdictional rights, the Lansing-Ishii Agreement, the New Consortium Agreement, and the principal Washington Peace Conference resolutions relating to China. To help to make room for these the Trading with the Enemy Regulations and the old Russian agreement with China have been eliminated as of no further use. New Orders-in-Council have been added, including the China (Companies) Order-in-Council, 1919; the China (Treaty of Peace) Order-in-Council, 1919; and the China (Amendment Nos. 2 and 3) Order-in-Council, 1920, the former of which confers upon the British Supreme Court in China the power to grant divorces. To Hongkong subscribers, in particular, the revised table of Stamp Duties should prove useful; it occupies 14 pages as compared with 5 which sufficed until the passing of last year's Ordinance. The maps or plans, of which there are fifteen, have, as in former years, been brought to date; that for the Colony of Hongkong shows the new motor roads round the Island and in the New Territories, while that for the City of Victoria has been considerably enlarged to show the recent development from Causeway Bay to Shaukiwan east.

The compilation of this compendious work of reference—covering as it does the whole of the Far East from Vladivostok in the north, to British Malaya and Netherlands India in the south—is, as will readily be imagined, a task of some magnitude and no little difficulty. In order to facilitate reference the sections are printed in the same order year after year, which means that if any one section is incomplete delay is inevitable. The printing and binding alone require six weeks for their execution, but are changes which take place during that time are, as far as possible, recorded, so that the Directory and Chronicle is up to date when issued.

This year the completion of the volume has been retarded to some extent by the recent strike, but it makes its appearance, nevertheless, a full month earlier than the first issue, which is dated April 25th. The publishers send it forth with every confidence that it will be found to have fully maintained the high standards of accuracy and completeness which have won for it an ever-increasing measure of popularity throughout its long and useful existence.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O., ADMINISTRATIVE COMMANDANT.

VISIT OF H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Strong as possible parades of trained men of all units of the Corps including the Reserve Company will attend at 5.30 p.m. at the Drill Hall on the following dates to practice for the Guard of Honour and lining the streets on the 6th prox.

27th, 30th, 31st March, 3rd and 4th April. Dress: Plain clothes, rifle, belt and side arms.

The parade on Friday, March 31st, will be in Review Order, medals, helmets, khaki, tunics, and trousers, black boots, rifle with sling, belt and side arms.

Scottish Company—Helmets, khaki tunics, kilts sporrans, diced hose tops and spats.

Officers: Breeches, puttees and brown boots, swords.

MUSKETRY.

Part II. of the Annual Musketry Course will be held on Sunday, April 2nd, at Stonemasons Range, commencing at 10 a.m. by all cadres of the Corps who have not yet fired.

A launch will leave Murray Pier at 9 a.m.

Dress: Drill order.

Officers for duty: 2nd-Lieut. T. P. M. Bevan, M.C.

GUARD COMPANY.

Parade at Volunteer Headquarters on Monday, the 27th inst., at 5.30 p.m.

Dress: Drill order.

R. B. Young, Major, Adjutant, H.V.D.C.

Hongkong, March 24th, 1922.



PRESTIGE

Prestige cannot be created in a day; it is the result of years of effort to serve, to be fair, to be prompt, courteous and reliable, and to set a standard of excellence in all business dealings.

It is only by sparing no pain or effort to give our customers the highest possible measure of satisfaction throughout the past 72 years that we hold the position we do to-day.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

are now showing a large selection of

ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Cut - Glass Tableware

Attractive Patterns in

CROWN CHINA

TEA SETS, BREAKFAST SETS,

EARLY MORNING SETS,

DESSERT SETS, BOWLS, DISHES, ETC.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

FLAGS FOR DECORATIONS

CONSULT

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Tel. 1741.

HONGKONG.

20% DISCOUNT

OFF

DANCE

RECORDS

AT

ANDERSON'S

(OPPOSITE CITY HALL)

Wm. Powell
TELEPHONE 3146.

A Smart selection of

GENTLEMEN'S

GOLF HOSE

just unpacked. These are now on show at our new premises at

No. 10, ICE HOUSE STREET.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd. High-Class Tailors and Outfitters.

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH ROUTE'S AGENCY.]THE PACIFIC TREATY.
DEBATE IN THE SENATE
CONCLUDED.

WASHINGTON, March 24th.

The Senate last evening concluded the debate on the Pacific Treaty and prepared for the final vote to-day with the leaders on both sides privately agreeing to ratification, by the narrow margin that seemed certain. A display of oratorical fireworks, scarcely surpassed even at Versailles, brought the debate to an end. The ratification majority is estimated at from three to ten, depending on how many Senators join the majority once they see that the Administration leaders are sure of the necessary two-thirds.

SENATOR BORAH'S CHARGES.

LATER.

Senator Borah does not appear to have helped his cause of strengthened opposition to the treaty by his suggestion of a secret Anglo-American alliance. Regardless of party the press universally condemns Senator Borah who, however, is credited with the intention, before the vote is taken, of moving that the charges be investigated by the Foreign Relations Committee. The newspapers predict that this will produce an interesting position because the Republicans will undoubtedly oppose the motion, thus determining the few Democrats who are sitting on the fence to vote against the Treaty as long as the slightest doubt exists respecting a secret alliance. If this course were also taken by three among the present, half-hearted pro-treaty Democrats the Treaty would most probably be defeated, but little time exists for propaganda toward this end owing to the propinquity of the conclusion of the debate.

BONUS FOR SOLDIERS.

U. S. LOWER HOUSE PASSES THE BILL.

WASHINGTON, March 24th.

The House of Representatives passed by an overwhelming majority an amended Bill providing a bonus for soldiers who participated in the war, involving an expenditure of about four milliard dollars. The fate of the Bill in the Senate is uncertain.

EARLIER CABLES.

BRITISH SUBMARINE LOST.
DOES DOWN WITH ALL HANDS OFF EUROPE POINT.

London, March 23rd.

A Gibraltar message says a destroyer during manoeuvres in the Straits collided with submarine H.42, which was lost with all hands.

LATER.

The Admiralty, in confirming the loss of the H.42 with all hands, says she was rammed by the destroyer Versatile while exercising off Europe Point and sank in 600 fathoms.

DEATH ROLL OF THIRTY.

LATER.

A Gibraltar message says it is believed that the death roll is thirty. The Versatile was proceeding to England while the submarine was manoeuvring and was just rising to the surface at the moment of the crash.

RESTORING ORDER IN
UL-TUR.DRASTIC METHODS TO BE
EMPLOYED.

London, March 23rd.

In consequence of the opinion expressed in the Upper House of Commons that the penalties in the measure for restoring order were insufficiently drastic, the Government, on the Committee stage of the Bill, submitted a new clause, which the House approved, applying the death penalty for offences connected with bombs.

The Government announced that if the present Bill was insufficient, it would propose to extend the death penalty to many other offences, like carrying arms without a permit.

THE SOVIET FORCES.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN DOES NOT
ANTICIPATE WAR.

London, March 23rd.

In the House of Commons at question time, Mr. Chamberlain stated that he believed the troops in West Russia had been slightly increased since January, but this was not necessarily a warlike measure. He did not believe the Soviet Government intended to embark upon a new war.

THE PRINCE IN CEYLON.
A SPLENDID RECEPTION AT
CANDY.

CANDY, March 23rd.

The Prince of Wales had a wonderful journey here from Colombo. This morning the entire population of the district for fifteen miles each side of the railway gathered at the way stations to see his special train pass.

It was like the popular demonstrations which greeted him in Australia and Canada. There were solid masses of Cinghese in deep rows at every station platform and on the banks, rocks, and trees between them, and they went to extraordinary pains to decorate his seventy-mile route from the coast. Even single mud-but displayed a Union Jack, and every tiny village showed its loyalty by bamboo arches or garlands strung between trees under the palms. For three and a half hours, the Prince passed what appeared to be an almost continuous crowd beginning at Colombo and continuing along the rice fields of the plain, then climbing in this line to the steep sides of the hills, where the special began its climb into cooler air, swelling again in numbers as the train approached this pleasant little city.

The absolutely spontaneity of the reception was unmistakable. The people cheered like Europeans or saluted the Prince with precise volleys of hand-clapping. Some stations contributed groups of industrious drummers banging tom-toms. The Prince was received at the station here by the Candy chiefs in their picturesque full dress, balloon-like skirts of heavy silk, and jewelled hair. A brief address was followed by an brief a response, after which the Prince motored to the Planters' Hall, where he was greeted by the majority of the thirteen hundred planters of the island. The Prince inspected their smart infantry battalion.

The town itself is filled to the utmost with visitors from all parts of the island. The Prince shook hands with many of them at a garden-party this afternoon. To-night the Prince will attend a Durbar of the local chiefs, afterwards he will walk to the famous Temple to the Tooth adjoining the Durbar Hall, where will be displayed as a special honour for His Royal Highness this sacred relic, reputed to be the tooth of Buddha.

AUSTRALIAN STRIKE DENIED

MELBOURNE, March 23rd. Trade-union officials deny the strike report mentioned yesterday, asserting that it was published in order to influence the impending elections.

INDIAN BUDGET PASSED.

DELHI, March 23rd.

The Finance Bill has passed the Legislative Assembly. The rejection of various proposed new taxes leaves an estimated uncovered deficit of 26,000,000. A feature of the debate was the unanimity of the members in favour of India's autonomy.

GERMAN MARKS AT SIX A
PENNY!

LONDON, March 23rd.

German marks are six a penny in London to-day. The slump is largely due to the new reparations crisis, following the receipt of the Commission's note in Berlin.

GENOA CONFERENCE.

LENIN NOT GOING.

RIGA, March 23rd.

M. Chicherin, Commissary of Foreign Affairs, will replace Lenin at the head of the delegation to Genoa.

U.S. GOVERNOR'S ARREST.

OKMULGEE, March 23rd.

The Governor of Oklahoma voluntarily submitted to arrest and was afterwards released on \$5,000 bail.

INTERNATIONAL RUGBY.

PARIS, March 23rd.

In a "Buzzer" match, Wales beat France by 11 points to 3.

ASSASSINATION OF GENERAL
TANG HENG.SHOT AT THE CANTON RAILWAY
STATION.

General Tang Heng, Chief of Staff and Commander of the First Division of the Cantonese Army was assassinated on Tuesday evening at the Canton railway station. He was descending from the train which came in at 7.30 from Hongkong and was shot in the stomach by an "unknown assailant." He was conveyed in a motor-car to the French Hospital, where an operation was successfully undertaken, but a few hours later his condition changed for the worse and he expired at 4.30 a.m. The news of the assassination cast a gloom over the city for the late General was highly esteemed not only for his exceptional ability as a soldier, but also for his admirable personal qualities. The funeral took place the same evening, the coffin being taken to the Wing Shing Temple, near the East Gate, to be transferred by barge to Wei-yang, the late General's native village. The procession from the hospital, headed by a military band, demonstrated the popular affection for the late General, who was only 37 years of age, but had played a very conspicuous part in overthrowing the domination of Kwangsi militarists in both the Kwang provinces.

FAR EASTERN CABLE
NEWS.

[THROUGH ROUTE'S AGENCY.]

M. BERTHELOT'S DISCLOSURE
REGARDING BANQUE
INDUSTRIELLE.

PARIS, March 23rd.

The *Matin* states that M. Philippe Berthelot voluntarily informed the recent court of discipline presided over by M. Poincaré that in 1919 his brother Andre, Chairman of the Banque Industrielle, gave him three and a half million francs in bank-notes, of which he spent two and a half million francs in buying Rentes and the remainder in buying a house. When in 1921 the bank was in difficulties he hastened to put two and a half million francs at his brother's disposal. The examining magistrate enquiring into the Bank's affairs subsequently questioned him at length concerning this.

EXPEDITION TO SOUTH-WESTERN
CHINA.

LONDON, March 24th.

Mr. John Walter Gregory, Professor of Geology at the University of Glasgow, who is shortly setting out on an expedition to south-western China has explained in the *Daily Chronicle* that apart from the collection of zoological and botanical material, with the object of throwing light on the climatic changes which controlled migrations of animal and plant life, he desires especially to seek a solution of conflicting theories regarding the relations of the Himalayan and Indo-Malayan mountain systems; firstly, that the "Himalayan line" continues across south-western China to north-eastern Asia and, secondly, that the eastward continuation of Himalaya is blocked by a solid mountain mass in south-western China and deflected through western Burma and Sumatra and thence eastward along the southern margin of the Eastern Archipelago.

ANOTHER HOME COMMENT ON
"MUI TSAI" QUESTION.

LONDON, March 23rd.

The abolition of *Mui-tai* in Hongkong is a belated but decided reaffirmation of the principles of humanity and freedom in British Government, declares the *Manchester Guardian*.

THE BOXER INDEMNITY RECEIPTS.

LONDON, March 23rd.

In the House of Commons replying to Lord Col. Malone regarding the Boxer indemnity payments to Britain, Sir John Gilmour said that approximately £4,300,000 had been paid up to 1920. Moreover, £1,250,000 had been paid in respect of private British claims. Altogether £11,000,000 remains payable.

THE MALAYA BORNEO
EXHIBITION.

The Malaya Borneo Exhibition will be held in Singapore from March 24th (the day of arrival of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales) till April 8th, the following Saturday. The Exhibition has two main objects in view. It is: (1) In honour of the visit of the Prince and to show him some of the resources and possibilities of the Malaya-Borneo countries under British influence; (2) To attract attention to and increase the knowledge of the individual component parts of these countries, the customs and needs of their peoples, and the various commodities of commercial value they produce.

The scope of the exhibition is intended to interest all. Four main sections illustrate the internal activities, as it were, and the fifth shows the various trade activities of the participating countries and the great exchange Port of Singapore. Further interest is entered in such additional attractions as a collection of wild animals, birds and reptiles from the Peninsula and Borneo; and and some-thing showing the particular sports of the various countries, in which all nationalities may compete; the many curious forms of native dancing and games which will be shown.

Medals, diplomas and prizes are being given in a most every way. It is hoped that the Exhibition will be a help to the revival of trade, and special efforts are being made by the "way" exhibitors to introduce the best and newest products.

The death is announced of Sir John MacLennan, Bart., of Mill Hill School, Mr. Algonzo Graves, the printer of *Pall Mall*; Sir Henry Jones, Professor of Moral Philosophy, Glasgow; and Sir Alfred Bird, Bt., M.P., part owner of the firm making Bird's custard powder.

THE MILITARY CAMPAIGN
IN YUNNAN.YUNNANESE ARMY ENTER
MENG TZE.

The information has been communicated to us that General Tong Chi Pao, who commands the Yunnan Ching-Kuo army, has entered Mengtze, which is only five days' march from Yunnanfu, and the expulsion of the present Governor (Koo Ping Ching) is regarded as inevitable. We have received a declaration printed in crude English, which is purported to have been signed "by the entire Yunnan Ching-Kuo Army." It is addressed to the public organisations and the people of the province of Yunnan and announces that "we the Yunnan Ching-Kuo Army are blowing bugles for our home-ward march to expel Koo Ping Ching, who has betrayed our province, conducted malicious campaigns, and created disturbances regardless of the welfare of the people. Since his return to the province with the aid of his hounds he has usurped all power and has abused it for his personal gains." General Koo Ping Ching, who owns allegiance to the Northern Government is accused of putting the whole province into confusion and disorder. Cases of robbery are countless and unprecedented, public money has been used to fill private pockets, and all specie having been absorbed, paper money has been issued to an extent which has caused great financial disturbance. Hence the Yunnan Ching Kuo army have risen to save their home land and break the chains which bind the people of their country. They announce themselves ready for any sacrifice and proclaim that Koo Ping Ching must go.

DAYLIGHT ATTACKS BY
ARMED ROBBERS.

While returning to his home about 6 p.m. on Thursday a Chinese broker named Pun Pin-chi was overtaken near the Ellis Kadoorie School by three men who had followed him. One of the men seized him by the jacket, and pointing a revolver at his head, threatened to shoot if he offered any resistance. The other two searched his pockets, stealing a purse containing \$40. The robbers then ran through the hospital grounds towards Eastern Street. The broker very pluckily gave chase, blowing his whistle as he ran. Sergeant Barnett, who joined in the chase in Eastern Street, was threatened by the man with the revolver. Accordingly the Sergeant himself fired, but does not know whether he hit the man. The chase continued to High Street, where the robbers scattered and disappeared into side lanes. Earlier in the afternoon a 17-year old student and his mother were proceeding along Hospital Road to their home in Ripon Terrace, when they were accosted by two men opposite the Ellis Kadoorie School. The youth promptly blew his police whistle whereupon the robbers whipped out daggers and stabbed both him and his mother. They then made off. The two wounded people were both taken to the hospital where the woman is now in a critical condition.

COMPANY REPORTS.
CHARTERED BANK.

The local branch of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China advise us of the receipt, yesterday, of the following telegram from the Head Office in London:—

"At the approaching annual general meeting of shareholders, the Directors will recommend that a dividend be declared for the past half-year at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum and a bonus of 68.3d. per share, free of income-tax; that £100,000 be added to the Reserve Fund; that £25,000 be added to Officers' Superannuation Fund; that £50,000 be written off Premises Account; and that £215,108, 11s. 5d. be carried forward."

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA.

The local branch of the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., has received a telegram from the London Office advising that at the annual general meeting of shareholders, the Board of Directors will recommend a final dividend of 8 per cent. on the A, B, and C shares (making 16 per cent. for the year 1921), less Income-tax; that £250,000 be carried to Reserve Fund (making that Fund £1,150,000); and that £137,971 be carried forward.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING
CORPORATION.

A telegram received from the Head Office in New York by the local branch of the International Banking Corporation says:—"International Banking Corporation has declared a dividend of U.S.\$4 per share and of March, U.S.\$4 end of June, amount added to Undivided Profits U.S.\$1,195,760."

This is at the rate of 24 per cent. per annum and the International Banking Corporation has now a Capital and Surplus of U.S.\$10,000,000 and in addition Undivided Profits amounting to U.S.\$6,494,763.08.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE.
WINDING-UP PETITION AT
SINGAPORE.

The affairs of the Banque Industrielle de Chine occupied the attention of Mr. Justice Barrett-Lennard for a considerable time in the Supreme Court, Singapore, recently, when Mr. Laycock, on behalf of the six petitioning creditors, asked that the winding-up order which had been post postponed since the petition was first made in August last, should be made.

Mr. Laycock stated that although there were six petitioning creditors the winding-up order was being asked for on the petition of one of them, the Overseas Chinese Bank. He first read five affidavits that had been filed since the last hearing of the petition and commented on the statements contained in some of them. Referring to a statement in the first affidavit made by M. Durnerin, the manager of the Singapore branch of the Banque, Mr. Laycock said the extract suggested that there was going to be a new construction to replace the Banque Industrielle, and that in any case pre-supposed that the Banque was to be wound up. As to the suggestion that further measures would be resorted to if the amount forthcoming from the Boxer Indemnity was insufficient, the evidence showed that additional money would not be provided by the French Government at any rate.

Mr. Laycock commented on the manner in which certain statements in the French Chamber had been construed into English by M. Durnerin in his affidavits. As in the whole procedure a tinge was placed on the information that was most favourable to the Banque. There was no reason for the deletion of the words left out. Referring again to the affidavit of Mr. Laycock stated that The Peking and the National Italian Bank held a large part of it and had refused to meet any further call. That statement had been vigorously countered in the Press by M. Durnerin. Counsel pointed out that by its expenditure during the petition this branch had used up its share in that uncalculated capital and if other branches spent at the same rate that 75 million francs had already gone.

His Lordship was informed that Mr. Carver represented creditors for \$88,000, 567,000 francs and \$265,000 sterling. Mr. Laycock represented creditors for \$363,000 and 305,000 francs; Mr. Dickinson \$30,000 worth of francs, and Mr. Stephens 371,000 francs. Mr. C. J. Saunders the Official Receiver stated that he represented \$18,000 which he believed was secured.

NO PROPOSALS OFFERED.

Mr. Laycock continuing said they asked for an immediate order because, no proposals of any sort were put before them and they saw no other means of getting paid anything at all for an indefinitely long time. There was no reason why the order should not be made. The affidavits showed that in any case the Boxer Indemnity would be utilised partly to pay assets and partly to large creditors. If they had the order now it would prevent the assets being depleted at such a very expensive rate, one per cent. of the whole assets.

His Lordship: This expense would not stop at once if you got the order. Mr. Laycock: The order would stop a lot. A liquidator could be appointed at a lesser salary and I have a liquidator in view who would accept less than half what M. Durnerin is being paid in any case. Mr. Carver opposed the petition, and questioned whether an order here could be made effective so far as the uncalculated capital was concerned. A winding-up order in France would be effective to a large extent but it was clear that there was not the necessary machinery here to enforce it. It was quite clear that liquidation would not result in the creditors being paid a though they might be paid a small dividend. The underlying motive of the action of the French Government was to preserve the French credit in the East, and that would not be helped by a winding-up order for it would destroy French credit in the East in a way which would make it almost hopeless to restore it. Mr. Carver pointed out that creditors in London and Hongkong had allowed the petition to be postponed, so that they were evidently on his side. He asked the petition to be stood over again. Referring to the remarks that had been passed with regard to the present expenditure of the Banque Mr. Carver stated that his Lordship had power to regulate that but he submitted that the preservation of the organisation of the Company should be given some consideration.

Mr. Dickinson, Mr. Stevens and Mr. Saunders also opposed the petition and in the course of a further submission Mr. Laycock mentioned that the majority of his creditors were Banks, who held money in trust for other people. Had this money been in circulation it would have benefited Singapore commerce and it might have avoided the failure of the Bank of Communications who were one of the creditors.

The further hearing of the petition for the winding-up of the Banque Industrielle de Chine was indefinitely postponed.

A man was found at two in Hunghom late on Thursday night. He was a public house proprietor and was sitting in one of his chairs towards the back of the bar when an armed man attacked him in Bullock Street. The assailant did not rob his victim but left him there. The sound of firing soon brought him and the wounded man was taken to Kwong Wah Hospital. Dr. Smally extracted a bullet from the stomach and another from the forearm. The victim is expected to soon recover; he says he can give no reason why he should be attacked.

2-OFF THE INCOME TAX.
INDUSTRY'S APPEAL TO
GOVERNMENT.

A deputation representing the Federation of British Industries waited on the Chancellor of the Exchequer at the Treasury last month to submit to him the views of industry on the necessity for reduced taxation. The proceedings were private, and at the outset the Chancellor requested that the deputation should agree to treat the meeting as a confidential one. The members of the deputation, however, declined to keep their side of the case confidential, and intimated that, as was their custom, they would issue a statement to the Press. They undertook, however, to publish nothing of Sir Robert Horne's reply.

The suggestions put before the Chancellor of the Exchequer were:—

A reduction of 2s. in the income-tax.
Abolition of the Corporation Profits Tax.
A corresponding adjustment with regard to private firms by exempting the reserves of such firms, where properly employed in the business, from super-tax.

These suggested reductions were put forward as the minimum demand of industry.

The Federation's estimate of the loss to the revenue which the adoption of their suggestions would involve, is about £190,000,000 but against this would have to be set the beneficial results of a trade revival.

Colonel Armstrong, who put the case for the manufacturers, requested that they should have a later meeting with the financial advisers to the Treasury with regard to very important details in the present incidence of taxation which appeared to the Federation recently to require amendment. It is understood that an opportunity for such a meeting will be given.

BARRIERS TO TRADE REVIVAL.

He deprecated optimism as to the revival of trade. It was doing a certain amount of harm. They saw no signs of a true revival in trade. There might be a slight revival here and there, but on investigation, it would be found that such revival was accidental and sporadic. He agreed that many of the causes of trade depression and of the extraordinary position at the present moment were beyond the control of the Government, but the Government, they claimed, had the power to remove one great barrier to revival, namely, the heavy rate of taxation, which destroyed incentive and enterprise. The demands of the tax collector were draining the future reserves of industry, liquid reserves were being exhausted, and incomes were being made into capital, which meant the destruction of future productivity.

Colonel Armstrong laid stress on the psychological results of a bold cut of taxation, and pointed out that at the present time there was no confidence. Although the Federation did not consider it was its duty to tell the Chancellor how to find the money, they threw out the suggestion that, if it was only possible to balance the Budget by heavy taxation, which was killing industry, perhaps he might consider the question of allowing posterity to bear share by funding certain of the great liabilities of the Government. He gave it as his opinion that if taxation was remitted, the loss to the revenue would not really be as much as the Chancellor might think, owing to the increased trade resulting from the remission of taxation.

With regard to the economies recommended by the Geddes Committee and the Washington Conference, he expressed a strong feeling that it was the opinion of most people that the reduction of taxation must take absolute precedence of any modification of the Geddes recommendations. They were making a strong appeal.

The CHANCELLOR promised to give sympathetic consideration to the points raised.

A FAMINE RELIEF SCANDAL.

In connection with the Yufeng bank famine relief funds scandal, the Asiatic News Agency says the Court of Justice issued warrants for the apprehension of Mr. Niu Chuan-shan, former Vice-Minister of Finance, and now Chief Director of the Yufeng Bank, and Mr. Ku Huang, chief auditor, and the Peking manager. With the exception of Ku Huang who appeared before the Court to answer enquiries the other day, the two others are now hiding themselves in one of the foreign concessions of Tientsin, where the Chinese law cannot reach them, without foreign co-operation. But Mr. Ku professes to know nothing about the administration of the Yufeng bank, because his title of "chief auditor" is merely honorary, and that the famine funds of the international relief society was handled by Mr. Niu and his own friends. As the case cannot go on without the presence of Niu and the bank's Peking manager, bail was granted to Mr. Ku by the officials on the condition that he will not fail to appear before the Court whenever he is required.

TASMANIAN GOVERNOR
RETURNING.

Sir William Allardye, the Governor of Tasmania, with his wife, left for London in the *Acorn* at the end of January. His salary of £2,750 was absorbed, he says, by the cost of his gardeners, housemaids, cooks, footmen, butler, groom, chauffeur, and valet, and by the salaries of his personal staff. He had never heard before of a King's representative in any State or Crown Colony who had to maintain his kitchen garden out of his own pocket, as he had been counselled to do at Hobart. If the Colonial Office has no further use for his services he will settle in England, and will amuse himself with fly-fishing and cricket.

When you can't work & can't eat—

when your head is dull and heavy, your tongue furred, your bowels constive, and you are tired, with no relish for breakfast, when you are backed with pains—in the head, chest, back, stomach—all over, when you feel "done up," and "fit-for-nothing," your stomach and liver are out of order. They need help, and need it sorely. **MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP**, the well-proved, herbal remedy, will give just the help your stomach and liver need. It will clear your head, renew your appetite, give relish for your food, regulate your bowels, make food nourish you, and give you new strength, new energy, new life.

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP contains medicinal extracts of more than ten different roots, barks and leaves, which in combination possess, in a remarkable degree, the power of toning and strengthening the stomach, and regulating the action of the liver and bowels. This is the secret of its great success. It banishes stomach and liver troubles in a natural way, and helps to keep you well. Try it for yourself!

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

WILL PUT YOU RIGHT.

Hotels, Restaurants & Clubs

catering for discriminating tastes, serve **LEA & PERRINS' Sauce**—the highest quality sauce in the world.

Lea & Perrins' Sauce
THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

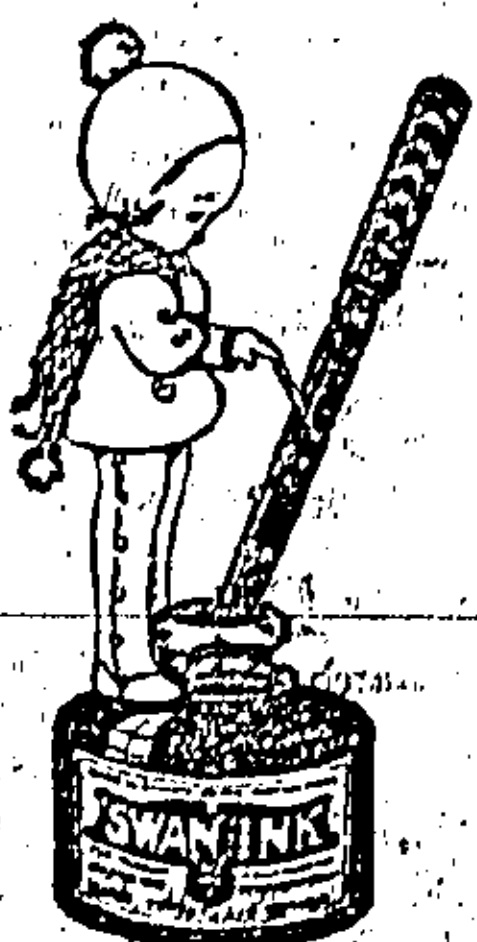


"SWAN" Self-Filling PEN

The Pen for Busy Writers

It fills in an instant from any ink supply. Open and close the lever; that's all! The lever is flush-locking and cannot be felt when pen is in use.

A special feature is a patent catch which locks the lever when closed, thus preventing accidental opening when pen is being put away into the pocket.



The "Swan" Self-filler is safe to carry in any position without fear of leakage.

Sold by Stationers, Jewellers and Importers. Self-filling pattern. Standard pattern. Safety pattern. Illustrated List sent free.

MABIE, TODD & CO., LTD.
SWAN HOUSE,
153-155, Oxford Street, London, W.1
Manchester, Paris, Brussels, Zurich, Sydney, Toronto, and other towns. Associate House: Mabie, Todd & Co., Inc., New York and Chicago.

"OUR USELESS MINISTERS."

MR. CLYNES AND THE LORD CHANCELLOR.

Mr. Clynes, M.P., Chairman of the Parliamentary Labour Party, speaking at Berkhamstead on Feb. 25th, replied to the Lord Chancellor's recent criticism of the Labour Party. He said that the post of Lord Chancellor was an ancient and exalted office now filled by a partisan determined not to waste his gifts for scurrility in dealing with his Labour opponents, and who, in a high degree, displayed a professional aptitude for abusing the other side when he had no case.

Invigorated by weeks of holiday abroad and being in complete ignorance of the miseries and despair of poor workmen, Lord Birkenhead reviled them for having resisted wage reductions since the war ended, in spite of their valour and sacrifice while the war was in progress. For millions who were suffering from the unemployment which largely the Government had made, the Lord Chancellor had not a word of sympathy. Having supported a policy which, step by step, had deepened trade dislocation and destroyed opportunities for great works of reconstruction, he tried, by erecting a screen of abuse, to shelter the Government from its failures and to throw the blame on men who either had to cease work or meekly submit to reductions so monstrous that even his colleagues in the House of Commons would not defend them.

MILLIONS SQUANDERED.

The coal stoppage and other disputes were the direct inheritance of a policy which swung speedily from extreme State control to no control at all, and which so destroyed the balance of prices that profitable trade was impossible. Ship construction, engineering, steelworkers, and building trade operatives were thrown out of work in large numbers and our markets abroad had been lost because a state of peace had not yet been secured. The most loyal and submissive body of workmen could not save a country doomed to the bungling of Ministers, whose shrieks for national economy now were due to the improvident spending and reckless extravagance with the nation's money during the year after the war. Millions had been squandered in wicked military adventures against Russia and elsewhere. Millions had been given without any return whatever to displace workers whose labour the Government would not organize, but whose patience and political favour were bought by public money, which should never have been paid without some service in exchange.

Industrial troubles since the war had often been composed and prevented by the political Labour Party, and never in any instance provoked by it. Their service had been a service of restraining and a sustained appeal for patience, which was nearly exhausted. The political policy of the Labour Party would have reduced or prevented many of the industrial upheavals which the country had suffered. Trade and business now being crushed by taxation were without prospect of relief unless it came through stopping public expenditure in other directions which had long been essential for health and educational reasons.

"The incompetence of Ministers for their business," said Mr. Clynes, "has been revealed in the appointment of the Committee empowered to go round to different State offices to chop off large portions of expenditure and call that process economy. If public money so spent has not been essential, what can we say of Ministers who for long have allowed these millions to be paid, and impudently claim that they alone are fit to rule? Popular finance is Christian carelessness in comparison with the lavish spending of public money on worthless and wicked objects abroad, and in paying some of our totally useless Ministers at home. Popular councillors may be wrong, but they did go to ground for their beliefs, though the Lord Chancellor escaped, in spite his sustained disloyalty in organizing breaches of the law and resistance to the forces of the Crown."

"ADVANCE AND REVERSE."

The Lord Chancellor was an advocate of great talent, as had been shown in recent months by several speeches made in the House of Lords for and against a settlement of the Irish question on lines demanded by the Irish people. He was endowed with all the qualities which the Coalition required to advance and reverse as circumstances demanded. One day he was furious with people in Ireland, the Russia, Germany, and Egypt, and the next day he feebly invited them to come together to meet him and his colleagues in the Government to receive concessions always withheld until he and his colleagues were obliged to surrender.

To Lord Birkenhead's question of what the Labour leaders had to say about the municipal programme of the London Labour Party, he replied that most of its items covering the demand for the public ownership and control of gas, water, electricity, trams, and other public supplies had long been the commonplace facts of municipal life in centres of the country governed by Tories and Liberals alike. To want control of meat and coal supplies and the settlement upon lines of public ownership for other needs of the community was, perhaps, ahead of the time, but it was not a revolution so terrible as to scare millions of people who had had to submit to the conditions of profiteering, overpricing, and bad service which the Government had tolerated. The state of the country was not due to the Labour Party, and when the Lord Chancellor was able to contribute a single constructive idea to the economic reorganization which the war required, the country would at once recognize so novel a service from him, though it was still unable to detect any valuable service he rendered to the nation while the war was on.

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS

Letters are lying at this Office for:
Box 206, O.K. G.S. K.L. L.S. L.R. L.T. L.W. M.A. M.E. M.Z. N.B. N.P. O.G. P.D. P.F. P.G. P.O. P.S. P.W. A. L.

FOR SALE—Grand Piano by Heale (Hampover)—Perfect condition—Excellent tone. First reasonable offer accepted. Apply G. MISKIN, GERMAN & CO., LTD.

FOR SALE, Studebaker "special six" 5 seater Motor Car, has run under 5,000 miles. First class condition. Apply, Box "W.X." c/o Daily Press Office.

WANTED—EUROPEAN DOCTOR desires Post as Ship-Surgeon voyage to England. Reply Box Q.L. c/o Daily Press Office.

TO LET—SIX ROOMED FURNISHED HOUSE for about one year at Kowloon, near ferry with large garden, middle of April. Apply to Box Q.M. c/o Daily Press Office.

TO LET—Office rooms on 1st floor, Bank of China Building, No. 4, Queen's Road Central to be let. Occupation from 1st of May. For particulars apply to Bank of China.

FOR SALE—Buick 5-seater (Car wire wheels) guaranteed first class condition only run 2000 miles, no reasonable offer refused. Box "H.A.L." c/o Daily Press Office.

WANTED—SMALL HOUSE or FLAT, furnished or unfurnished, upper levels or Peak preferred—occupation any time between now and 30th September. J. W. R. c/o Daily Press Office.

TO LET.

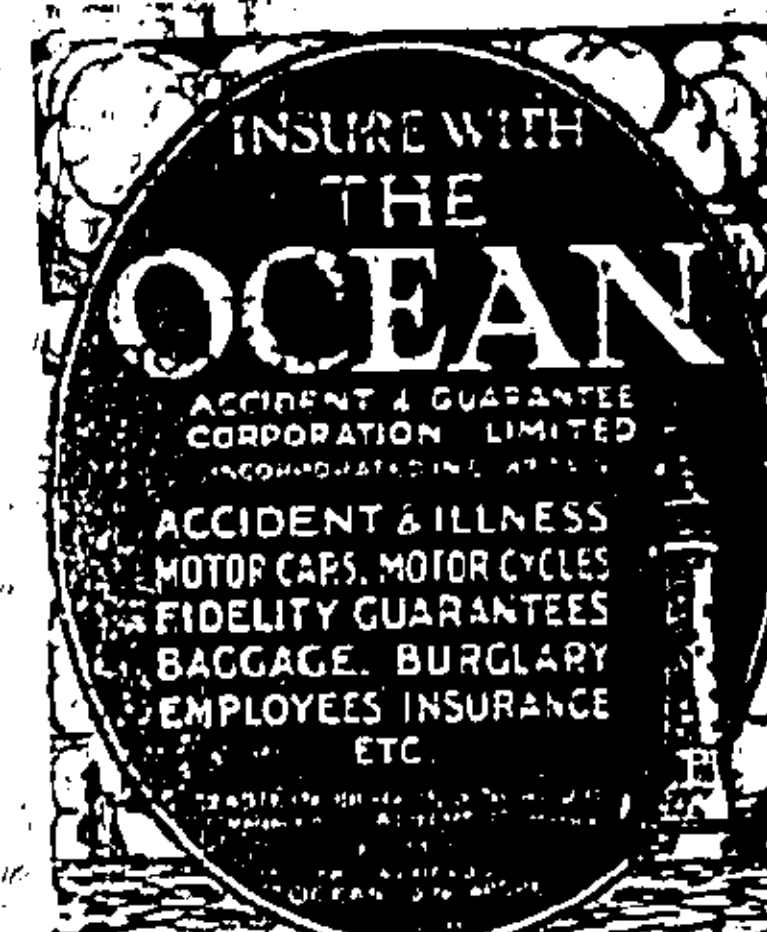
2 NEW OFFICE ROOMS in Central Local City from 1st April. Apply SANG KEE c/o Comptroller Department, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, Des Voeux Road entrance.

OFFICE TO LET.

SIX ROOMS will be vacant in "Union Building" from 1st April. Apply UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON LIMITED.

FOR SALE.

LAND, approximately 7,000 square feet on waterfront at Swatow with modern 2 storied brick and concrete building suitable for office and godown. Further details apply 485 W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.



SHANGHAI OFFICE—99A, Szechuen Road.

AGENTS for Hongkong and South China, DODWELL & CO., LTD. TELEPH. 1030 2, QUEEN'S BLDG.

DAIRY FARM NEWS

STORAGE OF FURS, CARPETS AND WINTER CLOTHES.

As a protection against Moths and humidity, you cannot do better than store your Winter Clothes Furs and Carpets in our Cold Stores.

Packages can be insured with us against Fire and Theft.

For particulars apply to the Secretary, THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.



Slip it into your Vest-pocket

A and take all the Pictures you wish, with the minimum of weight, and bother.

T From 1 1/2 x 2 1/2 to Post Card size. Let us show it to you before the Prince arrives.

K 23, Des Voeux Road Central. & CO.

INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAILLINGS, SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

STRAITS & CALCUTTA ... "LAISANG" ... Saturday, 25th March, 3 p.m.
MANILA ... "YUENGSANG" ... Saturday, 25th March, 3 p.m.
HAIPHONG via HOIHOW ... "TAKSANG" ... Thursday, 30th March, 8 a.m.
BANGKOK via SWATOW ... "MINGSANG" ... Thursday, 30th March, Noon.
TIENSIN ... "WAISHING" ... Thursday, 30th March, Noon.
SHANGHAI ... "KWONGSANG" ... Thursday, 30th March, Noon.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA ... "CHAKSANG" ... Wednesday, 29th April, 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN ... "MAUSANG" ... Monday, 10th April, Noon.

CALCUTTA LINE—This Line affords regular sailings to Calcutta, Pondicherry, and Nagpur, returning from Calcutta, Nagpur, and Pondicherry via Straits and Hongkong to Japan, occasionally calling at Shanghai.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every three days between Canton, Shanghai, and Hongkong, with Electric Light and Steam and carry a fully-qualified Surgeon.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo calling at Haiphong, Hanoi, and Indochina ports.

BORNEO LINE—Fortnightly sailings to and from Sandakan by two 3,000 ton steamers, "KINSANG" and "MAUSANG", both steamers having excellent passenger accommodation. Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kuching, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau, and Lahad Dato.

TIENSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to November between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Wainaiwei and Changhai.

BANGKOK LINE—A weekly service is provided between Hongkong and Bangkok, via Swatow, by five steamers fitted with 2nd-class passenger accommodation.

CALCUTTA LINE.

S.S. "LAISANG" will be despatched on or about Saturday, 25th Mar. at 3 p.m. for SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG & CALCUTTA

Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, MADRAS and DUTCH EAST INDIES.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL MANAGERS

Telephone No. 211.

GLEN AND SHIRE

Joint Service of Steamers.

U.K.-STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN SERVICE OUTWARDS.

Vessel ... Due Hongkong ... S.S. "CARNARVONSHIRE" ... 15th April.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel ... Leaves Hongkong ... Discharges ... M.V. "GLENARA" ... 15th Apr. GENOA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, & HAMBURG. M.V. "GLENARIPPE" ... 14th Apr. GENOA, LONDON, ANTWERP, & HAMBURG. M.V. "GLENOGLE" ... 14th May. GENOA, LONDON, ANTWERP, & HAMBURG.

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For freight or further particulars please apply to—

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

The Glen Line, Ltd., AGENTS.

Telephone No. 215 and 3696.

Cable Address

Kawakisa, Kato.

Shanghai, Japan.

San Francisco, U.S.A.



Telephone Address

Kawakisa, Kato.

Shanghai, Japan.

San Francisco, U.S.A.

KAWASAKI KISEN KAISHA

(KAWASAKI STEAMSHIP CO.)

CAPITAL PAID-UP ... ¥20,000,000

President: Mr. Y. KAWASAKI

Vice-President: Mr. K. MATSUOKA

Managing Director: Mr. MATSUDA ARAI

Company has on hand a Large Number of

NEW CARGO STEAMER

ALWAYS READY FOR

CHARTERS of all descriptions.

The following are comprised in the Company's Fleet:—Eleven steamers of 9,100 tons each deadweight.

And under the Company's Management:—

Twenty steamers of about 9,100 tons deadweight each. Two steamers of about 8,400 tons deadweight each. (Belonging to the Kawasaki Dockyard Co., Ltd.)

For Charter and other particulars apply to the

KAWASAKI KISEN KAISHA.

No. 2, Bunko, Koto.

AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

NEW YORK via Suez

Subject to change without notice.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.
INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH & CAPE TOWN direct or with transshipment at CALCUTTA and/or COLOMBO

For particulars apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LTD.
Managing Agents.

ELLERMAN LINE

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL, S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE

OUTWARDS.

S.S. "CITY OF CALCUTTA" ... 1st April... Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

HOMEWARDS.

S.S. "CITY OF CALCUTTA" ... 1st May ... 15th March... Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of freight and passage rates apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

or Rans & Co., CANTON

General Agents.

31

NEW YORK DIRECT

Joint Service of the

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD., and CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.

AND

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL, S.S. CO., LTD.

Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "KNIGHT TEMPLAR" ... via Suez Canal ... 30th Mar.
S.S. "CITY OF ORAN" ... via Suez Canal ... 10th Apr.Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
Subject to change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG
HONGKONG and CANTON. BEISS & CO., CANTON.

75

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS

MAIL SERVICE UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT
DESTINATIONS. STEAMERS & DEPARTMENTS. SAILING DATES.

YOKOHAMA...	AMAZON	11,000	On or about 31st Mar.
YOKOHAMA...	PORTHOS	20,000	On or about 14th April.
MARSEILLES, HAI- PHONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, PEN- ANG, COLOMBO, DUBOUI, SUZU, & PORT SAID...	AMBOISE	15,000	On or about 6th April.
	CORDILLERE	11,000	On or about 17th April.

COMMERCIAL LINE.

SHANGHAI & NORTH-
EAST PORTS OF CHINA

S.S. "COM. RAMEL" 15,000 ... End of March.

ALSO SERVICE TO BORDEAUX, HAVRE,
DUNKERQUE, & ANTWERP. (ON APPLICATION)

For further particulars, etc. apply to

CONSIGNATION, FREIGHT-
REPRESENTATION.R. RODENFUESS,
Acting Agent,
Queen's Building.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers, saving goods
accommodation for First-Class Passengers, Electric Light and Heat in staterooms,
aloof and excellent cuisine.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW

AND RETURN

(Occupying 9 or 10 Days)

HAILOONG ...	Capt. F. J. Giff	Sunday, Mar. 28th, at 11 a.m.
HAIHONG ...	Capt. W. C. Paterson	Thursday, Mar. 30th, at 1 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Baker Firm).

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS, LAFRANK & CO
General Managers.P. & O. British India
Apcar and
Eastern & Australian
Lines

(COMPANIES Incorporated in ENGLAND)

MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, Ceylon, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES,
MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING
NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA,
EGYPT, EUROPE, EUROPE, ETC.PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S.S.	From Hongkong (approx.)	Destination
"DEVANHA"	8,000	29th Mar. Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"SICILIA"	8,700	4th Apr. Singapore, Colombo & Bombay
"NOYABA"	6,000	12th Apr. Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KALYAN"	8,900	28th Apr. do.
"DUNERA"	5,400	1st May Singapore, Colombo & Bombay
"FLASSY"	7,248	10th May Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"DONGOLA"	8,000	24th May do.
"SIGILIA"	8,700	2nd June Singapore, Colombo & Bombay
"DELTA"	8,100	7th June Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KHYBER"	9,000	21st June do.
"BOUDAN"	7,000	1st July Singapore, Colombo & Bombay
"KASHMIR"	8,000	5th July Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KARMALA"	9,000	19th July do.
"KASHGAR"	9,000	2nd Aug. do.

BRITISH INDIA - APCAR SAILINGS

"TAKADA"	7,000	29th Mar.	(Singapore, Penang & Rangoon with Transshipment at Singa- pore) and Calcutta.
----------	-------	-----------	---

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"ARAFURA"	6,000	8th April	(Maula, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne)
-----------	-------	-----------	--

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"KALYAN"	9,000	29th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"JAPAN"	8,000	29th Mar.	Shanghai & Japan.
"ISMAILA"	8,000	31st Mar.	Japan
"COLABA"	8,000	4th Apr.	Amoy

* Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting
the conveying steamer.
All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

† Cargo only.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

First Saloon Passengers may travel by P. & O. Company's Steamers between Singapore
and Calcutta or Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of their P. & O. Tickets
Singapore to Colombo.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.Parcels measuring not more than 2 ft. x 2 ft. x 2 ft. will be received at the Company's
Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.
For further information, Passage Rates, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,

22, Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG

Agents.

O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.
LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Monthly direct
service via Singapore and Pen. Said

ATLANTIC MARU	Saturday, 15th Apr.	DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE, PASSENGER SERVICE
BUNNOS AIRES—BIO DE JANNIRO, SANTO, DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE, PASSENGER SERVICE	Saturday, 25th Mar.	
BOMBAY & COLOMBO—REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE via SINGAPORE	Saturday, 25th Mar.	
DELTA & HONGKONG via SAIGON & SINGAPORE	Wednesday, 1st April.	
KISHU MARU	Wednesday, 1st April.	
CALCUTTA—Fortnightly service via Singapore, Penang & Bangkok	Monday, 27th Mar.	
PEKING MARU	Monday, 27th Mar.	
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & COMA—via Japan—Taking cargo to OVERLAND PORTS U.S.A. & CANADA	Thursday, 6th April.	
ABABIA MARU (Taking Passengers)	Thursday, 6th April.	
NEW YORK via PANAMA—Regular monthly service via Japan, Penang, San Francisco, Panama and Cuban Ports	Monday, 1st May	
AMUR MARU	Monday, 1st May	
NEW ORLEANS LINE via SUZU, HAMBURG MARU	Sunday, 2nd Apr.	
JAPAN PORTS—Kobe & Yokohama via Shanghai	Monday, 3rd April.	
AMAZON MARU	Monday, 3rd April.	
KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.	Monday, 27th Mar.	
KAIYU MARU	Monday, 27th Mar.	
AMKUSA MARU	Monday, 27th Mar.	
TAKURA MARU	Thursday, 6th April.	
"SOSHI" MARU	Thursday, 6th April.	

Tel. No. 1080.

Y. YABUDA, Manager.

PRINCE LINE FAR EAST SERVICE

Regular sailings to Boston and/or New York by fast
freight steamers.

For BOSTON and NEW YORK	
S.S. "BARKO PRINCE"	31st April

For Freight and full particulars apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST) LIMITED

(Incorporated in Great Britain)

St. George's Building.

Telephone 1111

Tongue (Furness)

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

For	Steamer	To Sail
HONGKONG & SINGAPORE	"LINAN"	On 25th Mar., 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"HUNAN"	On 25th Mar., noon.
TIENSIN	"WUHU"	On 25th Mar., noon.
SHANGHAI	"LUCHOW"	On 25th Mar., 4 p.m.
SOUHABAYA	"TAIKOO WANYI"	On 25th Mar., 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"KWANGSE"	On 26th Mar., 4 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGTUNG"	On 26th Mar., 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SUIYANG"	On 26th Mar., noon.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"PIN SAID"	On 26th Mar., 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KWANGCHOW"	On 26th Mar., noon.
SHANGHAI	"ICHANG"	On 26th Mar., noon.
SHANGHAI	"SHANTUNG"	On 1st Apr., 4 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 2nd Apr., 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGER, MAILS and CARGO.
Excellent Saloon accommodation and ships Electric Fans in Saloon are
State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (three
weekly) and Tsingtao (weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all
European and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding
the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.BANGKOK LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via
Swatow.
CARGO & BAGGAGE CAN BE ISSUED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE (John Swire & Sons, Ltd.)
For Freight or Passage apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)
Agents.

TELEPHONE 35.

T. K. K.
TOYO KISEN KAISHA

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, THE ILMAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU.

STEAMERS	TONS	LEAVE HONGKONG
PERIA MARU	9,000 (call at Dairen & omit Shanghai)	Apr. 2nd
TAIYO MARU	(Calling at Keelung)	Apr. 4th
SIBERIA MARU	20,000	Apr. 24th
TAIYO MARU	...	May 7th
KOREA MARU	...	May 13th
SHINYO MARU	...	May 29th

† Calling at Dairen. † Calling at Keelung.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE

HONGKONG TO VALPARAISO

VIA MANILA, JAPAN, HONOLULU, HILO, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO DE SANTA
CRUZ, BALBOA, CALLAO, MOLEDO, ARICA & IQUIQUE.
Through by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

STEAMERS	TONS	LEAVE HONGKONG
ANYO MARU	18,500	Apr. 1st
SEIYO MARU	14,000	May 1st
BAKUO MARU	...	June 23rd

For full information regarding passenger, freight and sailing, apply to—

Y. TSUTSUMI, Manager
King's Building, Tel. No. 174 & 175
Agents at Canton: Messrs. T. E. GRIFITH, LTD.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

MANAGING AGENT, U.S. SHIPPING BOARD

EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION.

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

Freight and Passenger

AMERICAN STEAMERS

SAN FRANCISCO VIA SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU

S.S. "HOOSIER STATE"	Leave Hongkong	Arrive San Fran
S.S. "GOLDEN STATE"	Apr. 15th	May 4th
	May 2nd	May 25th

HONGKONG-CALCUTTA SERVICE

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON

LAKE GITANO

FOR HAIPHONG

May 22nd, noon.

TAMPA INTER-OCEAN S.S. CO.

Freight only.

Monthly Sailing.

HONGKONG, MANILA, HONOLULU, GALVESTON, NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE,

HAVANA, MATANZAS, BALTIMORE, NORFOLK, PHILADELPHIA,

NEW YORK, BOSTON.

S.S. "WEST IR" May 6th

S.S. "HANOVER" May 17th

For full information regarding rates, etc., apply to—

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

Managing Agent, U.S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Telephone 141. Office Address "SULANO." Union Building, Hongkong.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA

(The South Sea Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.)

REGULAR SERVICE

BETWEEN

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA.

For BATAVIA, SAMARANG, SOERABAYA.

"MACASSAR MARU" sailing on or about 25th Mar.

"SAMARANG MARU" sailing on or about 15th April

For MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.

"BORNEO MARU" sailing on or about 28th Mar.

"CHERIBON MARU" sailing on or about 21st April

For further particulars please apply to—

K. SUZUKI, Manager

2nd Floor, Prince's Building.

Telephone 276

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Steamers Sydney & Melbourne via Port of Hongkong for Australia

This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply
of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and has spacious accommodation with Electric Light
throughout and Electric Fans in the State-Rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried.
Refrigerated Cargo is taken to all Australian, New Zealand & Tasmanian Ports.
Freight and passage rates apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE Agents

